

Four Dollars per Ann.]

SATURDAY, AUGUST 6, 1796.

[Vol. IV.---No. 521.]

VENDUE.

ON TUESDAY and FRIDAY, in every week, at 10 o'clock in the morning, will be exposed for sale at the Vendue Store (corner of Prince and Water streets) A VARIETY OF

WET & DRY GOODS.

Of which the particulars will be given previous to the sale.

The VENDUE MASTERS will always keep the Store open for the reception of GOODS, and selling of such articles therein between the times of public sales as may be on limitation. They likewise offer their services in transacting any kind of Commission Business.

MARSTELLER & SONS.

April 5th, 1796.

FOR SALE

Valuable Property in the town of Alexandria.

THIS day, the 6th of August at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by Public Vendue, on the Premises, at a credit of three, six, nine & twelve months,

THAT valuable lot, the corner of King and Water Streets, bounded on King Street 31 feet, 5 inches and in depth on Water Street 82 feet to a ten feet alley leading from Fairfax to Water Street, aforesaid, on which is erected two large and commodious Warehouses.—This lot is in the tenure and possession of Messrs. Clingman and McGaw.

Also, an her lot adjoining thereto, and lying westward of the above, fronting on King Street 31 feet 5 inches, and in depth 82 feet to the alley, on which there is a Cooper's Shop.

MARSTELLER & SONS.

July 30.

JUST RECEIVED,
AND FOR SALE BY

Kemp Hurst & Co.

At their Warehouse in King-Street, three doors above Union-Street,

Muscovado Sugar in bbls.

Best Green Coffee in hogheads and barrels, London Bottled Porter in tierces, and a few bags Pimento.

July 27

JUST RECEIVED,

AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS.

Port Wine in pipes,

Rice in tierces,
Soft shell'd Almonds in bags,
Muscovado Raisins in boxes,
Cotton in small bags,
Young Hyson, Hyson-Skin, and Bohea Teas of the latest Importations.
Claret in casks of 50 bottles each.
Best Green Coffee in bags and barrels.
A few puncheons high proof Jamaica Rum.

With a very general assortment of articles IN THE GROCERY LINE.

Mandeville and Jametton.

July 28.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the Citizens of Alexandria, that he has just moved to this place where he intends carrying on the BRICK MAKING, BRICK-LAYING, and PLAISTERING BUSINESS extensively. Those Gentlemen who may think proper to entrust him with their business, may rely on having the best materials, and their work executed in a neat and workman-like manner. He will furnish all materials on reasonable terms, if agreeable to his employers. Plans, with an estimate of the expenses, will be drawn gratis for those who employ him to build.

NICHOLAS VOSS.

HYSON TEA

Of the latest importation and of an excellent quality

FOR SALE BY

THOS. WILLIAMS

June 30.

JOSEPH CARY

HAS for sale at his Warehouse in King Street, adjoining Messrs. James Patton & James Dykes,

Jamaica Rum in puncheons, Hollands Gin in quarter casks, Lisbon wine in pipes and quarter casks, Malaga in quarter casks, sherry in do. Teagrite in hogheads, Whisky in Tierces and barrels, Porter in casks, Muscovado Sugar in hogheads and barrels, Salt in sacks, a few hundred weight well cured bacon, and about 1000 Cedar posts. Also a Lot of ground on Royal street opposite Dr. Muir's, containing 40 feet front and 96 feet deep, with the benefit of an alley.

July 2.

t.f.

JOHN BOGUE,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has opened a store in the IRONMONGERY and HARDWARE LINE in King-Street, opposite Mr. Peter Wise's, where he offers for sale the following articles on MODERATE TERMS:

A general Assortment of Nails, clouts, tacks and spriggs, Plate and Cooper's rivets. A variety of locks, hinges, bolts, and screws of all sorts. Sucker and other casters. Plain, bureau, desk, commode, and stop handles. Tin locks. Car and dining table hinges. Carpenters', joiners', and cabinet-makers' tools of all kinds. German and cast steel, pike, cross-cut, and other saws, warranted. With an assortment of hardware, &c.

August 2

1m

JUST IMPORTED AND FOR SALE BY

JOHN CLARE,

At Mr. Halley's store King-Street, At a moderate advance for Cash, or approved Notes at 60 Days,

20 pieces Chocolate Chintz Calicoes.
54 doz. Printed Cotton Handkerchiefs.
10 doz. do. do. Shaws.
39 doz. Black Silk Handkerchiefs.
30 doz. Check Linen do.
36 ends Clouded and Twilled Nankeen.
1 box White Thread Edgings, containing 57 pieces.
A few Doves, Mullins, &c.
24 English Saddles.
5 doz. do. Sn. Hls, Weymouth, &c. Bridles.
26 Best Plated Fashionable Snaffle Bits.
9 doz. Horse Brushes.
9 doz. 5 and 7 Barred Curry-Combs.
80 doz. Silver, Gilt, and Plated Elegant Gilded Whips.
The Saddles and Bridles, which are warranted, will be sold singly; Curry-Combs, Brushes, and Whips by the half dozen; and all the other articles by the piece only.

June 28.

FOR SALE.

A full blood English dark chesnut Mare,

SIX years old, fourteen hands and an inch high imported in the Elizabeth, Capt. Kennedy, from Liverpool, was landed 15 h June, 1795.

She was bred by Mr. Richardson Brugh, near Appleby, Westmoreland, was got by Norton-Conyers (own brother of Rockingham) out of Merrylo which was got by Eclipse. Norton-Conyers got Highflyer, Dam Parity, by Match'em, of Mr. Pratt's Squire mare by Squire, of Mark and Syphon, and grandfire of Eclipse, &c. &c.

Independent of her qualities as a Racer, she is well made for a brood Mare, and of the best stock England ever produced.

For particulars enquire of John Clare, King-Street.

Alexandria.

July 26.

FOR SALE BY
PHILIP MAGRUDER.

About 250 Tons of Plaster of Paris of the first quality. Any person wishing to purchase the whole cargo or part before it is stored may have it on reasonable terms by applying as above.

July 23.

For Sale.

THE NEW SHIP
LIBERTY,

Burthen three hundred and ten tons, with her masts and spars as delivered by the carpenter. Good judges have pronounced that she is a faithfully built vessel, of good and well seasoned materials. One thousand dollars will be required of the purchaser at the time of sale; and for the remainder a credit will be given of 3, 6, 9, and 12 months.—The payments to be secured by notes negotiable at the Bank of Alexandria with approved indorsers.

J. MANDEVILLE } Trustees for the
G. CLEMENTSON } creditors of Ino.
E. C. DICK. } Hickman & Co.
July 23.

GEORGE M'MUNN,

HAS NOW MADE AND READY FOR SALE.

STILLS, assorted from 85 to 200 gall.

Hatters and Wash Kettles.
Fish Kettles and Stew Pans.
Counter scales and scale beams assorted.
Lead and Iron weights in sets.
Pewter measures, assorted.
Iron wire.

Sheet lead, and thin sheet copper, fit for House-plumbing business.

An assortment of Tin Ware.

The whole of which are made in the best manner and sold on reasonable terms.

Orders for all kind of Copper work will be duly attended to, and the highest price given for old Copper, Lead, and Pewter.

July 30. 3mcp

GEORGE DRINKER and SAMUEL STANSBURY having entered into partnership under the firm of

Drinker and Stansbury,

In the store formerly occupied by George Drinker, have now opened a general assortment of Ironmongery, Cutlery and Brass Wares, Callings, &c.

White Lead Ground in Oil
Spanish Brown do. do.
Yellow Ochre do. do.
Red lead; Prussian blue; patent yellow; vermilion; verdigrise; chalk; whiting and putty; 7-8, 8-10, 9-11 and 10-12 window glass; powder and shot; copal and common varnish; spirits of turpentine; hatters trimmings; aqua fortis; quick silver; logwood and glue; white soap; mould and tipp'd candles; flates; brushes; coaks, &c. &c.

ALSO,

A small assortment of DRY GOODS, wholesale, consisting of cloths, cassimers, muslins, hosiery, modes, nankeens, ribbons, &c.

July 14.

Thompson and Veitch

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

By the Jane and Eiza and the Parkman from Liverpool, and the Sisters from London.

A VERY LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GOODS,

Suited to the Season.

AMONG WHICH ARE.

GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF HARDWARE,

now opening at their Warehouse in King-Street, and for sale by the Piece only.

Also a number of well assorted

QUEEN'S WARE

AND

PIPES in Boxes.

Daniel N. Robinson,

DRUGGIST,

In Fairfax Street, opposite to B. Hampton's store.

HAS just opened a large and general assortment of fresh

Drugs and Medicines, which he offers for sale at the most reduced prices.

Medicine Chests for shipping and for private families, with proper directions, put up in the neatest manner and at a short notice.

June 16.

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HARDWARE.

Joseph Riddle & Co.

HAVE IMPORTED

In the ship Alexandria from Liverpool, a general assortment of

HARDWARE.

ALSO,

Dimities, Fustians, Jeans, Thicksets, Sheetings, and Irish Linens. 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. and 20d. Nails and Sprigs assorted. Crowley Steel in half faggots. Anvils and Vices.—They have on hand, from their former importations, a great variety of DRY GOODS.—Sail-cloth, from No. 1 to 8. White Lead, Spanish Brown, and Yellow Ochre, dry and in oil. Nutmegs, Fig Blue, Alum, Madder, Shot, and Lead. Which they offer for sale on the usual credit, at their Wholesale Warehouse on Swift's Alley, opposite to Patton & Butcher's Iron Store.

May 20

Table Cloths, China Bowls, &c.

A FEW very elegant Table Cloths with Napkins to each Cloth to match the figure, one of which is 7 yards long with 24 Napkins, Diapers, Perfumers, &c. by the piece, a few dozen of 1/2 gallon, 3 pints, and quart blue and white China bowls, warranted real East Indian. They will be sold at first cost if applied for soon, the owner going to Kentucky, please to enquire at the red Store belonging to Mr. Robert Hamilton, 2nd door below Mr. Philip Marsteller's Dwelling House in Prince-Street fourth side, 50 yards from the wharf where constant attendance will be given.

Aug. 12.

WASHINGTON CANAL LOTTERY.

NO. 1.

WHEREAS the State of Maryland has authorized us the undersigned to raise twenty-six thousand two hundred and fifty dollars, for the purpose of cutting a canal through the City of Washington, from the Potomac to the Eastern Branch harbour. The following is the scheme of No. 1.—viz.

PRIZES.	DOLLS.	DOLLS.
1 of	20,000	is 20,000
1 —	10,000	— 10,000
7 last drawn tickets each	5,000	are 35,000
6 of	1,000	— 6,000
10 —	400	— 4,000
20 —	100	— 2,000
55 —	50	— 2,750
5,750 —	12	— 69,000
To be raised for the canal		26,250

5,850 PRIZES, 175,000
11,640 BLANKS, not 2 to a prize.

17,500 Tickets, at 10 Dollars, 175,000

The COMMISSIONERS have taken the Securities required by the aforesaid act for the punctual payment of the Prizes.

The Drawing of this Lottery will commence without delay, as soon as the Tickets are sold, of which timely notice will be given.

Such prizes as are not demanded in six months after the drawing is finished, shall be considered as relinquished for the benefit of the canal, and appropriated accordingly (Signed)

NOTLEY YOUNG.

DANIEL CARROLL, of D.

LEWIS DEBLOIS.

GEORGE WALKER.

Wm. M. DUNCANSON.

THOMAS LAW.

JAMES BARRY.

Tickets in the above Lottery may be had of Mr. Guy Atkinson, Fairfax Street, Alexandria.

City of Washington, April 23.

Stephen Alley

Has just received and for sale, an assortment of English Shoes, viz.

Ladies' variegated Kid Morocco and Stuff Slippers, Sandals, &c.

June 28.

cpt.

The Columbian Mirror
AND
ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.

CONTINUATION OF TRANSLATIONS
FROM FRENCH PAPERS.

Letter of M. Barthelemy, Ambassador
of the French Republic, to the canton
of Basle, 9th of May, 1796.

Magnificent Lords,

THE orders of the Executive Directory of the French republic oblige me to recall the attention of your worthy state, to the circumstances and the motives which dictated the declaration which I was directed to present to you on their part, on the 16th of Germinal last, the answer which you gentlemen made thereto, has not answered their expectation. Charged with the defence of the territory of the republic, and with the care of its glory, it is the duty of the Executive Directory to anticipate events, it is their duty to baffle by denouncing to you the projects of the enemies of France, and of its republican constitution; it is their duty to invite you to take measures capable of securing your neutrality, and of making it respected, they have asked of you what those measures were. If the terms of their declaration were severe, it was because its object was important; because the schemes and designs of our enemies already more than once disconcerted, gave them a right to entertain disquietudes and suspicions; because positive information announced that they were disposed to renew them; because also at that moment it was necessary for them to be informed of the unequivocal sentiments of many of the Helvetic states, some of whom had not feared to doubt the existence of the French republic by refusing voluntarily to pronounce upon the acceptance of the letters of credit of its ambassador, and in postponing the period of their determinations by outrageous and ridiculous delays.

When a government such as that of the French republic is thus slighted, when that slight arises from the machinations of guilty fugitives whose very step tends to excite dissensions in their country against which they are in a permanent conspiracy, while at the same time, they were endeavouring to draw down in their fall those states who are so blind as to be misled by them; when the Swiss Cantons, the ancient allies of France, dare to hold a conduct so reprehensible, is it so strange that the Executive Directory should for a moment arrest its good will and regard you with mistrust: There are other considerations upon which I do not think it here necessary to enlarge; they are no doubt painful and respect the secrecy which the French republic wish to find in the sentiments and affections of the government and people of neutral states. Such, gentlemen, are the views which have animated and still continue to animate the Executive Directory. I expect from you without delay, a frank and amicable explanation which will dispel their doubts and restore to your state the sentiments of good will. They have given me their orders for my further government in case your answer does not fulfil that object. I pray God, &c.

Letter of the State of Basle, to Monsieur Barthelemy, ambassador of the French republic, May 11.

"We see with sincere pain from the letter of your excellency, of the 20th Floreal, that our sentiments appear to be misunderstood, and that we are in a situation to lose the good will of the Executive Directory of the French republic. As soon as war was declared, we promised a neutrality; from that time it hath been constantly the object of

our care, of our zeal, and of our solicitude, and many are the sacrifices it hath cost us to maintain it amidst the dangers to which at certain periods it hath been exposed. Nothing can more deeply afflict us than to find the fidelity of our conduct and the purity of our intentions doubted, since both the one and the other forms the most solid basis of our honor, of our independence, and of our tranquility; we beg your excellency, to assure the government from which you hold your powers, that we will never depart from those principles which have been transmitted to us by our predecessors, and that it is our highest ambition to commit the deposit unfulfilled, to those who finally succeed us, this is the first duty of our nation, and is the true means to secure to ourselves the confidence and the gratitude of our fellow-citizens.

It remains to add that since our letter of the 9th of April we have confined ourselves to the simple measures of maintaining our neutrality. Our uneasiness on this head having been communicated to the Imperial Minister, he wrote to us by order of the Emperor, that he certainly had not the least thought of doing or suffering the Emigrants to do any thing which should affect the neutrality of our territory.

We have prepared our signals and our alarm guns, which on account of the armistice, and the winter season, were not in a state fit for service; by these means it is well known we can in few days collect a very large force. We are training our militia, and are ready to march at the first signal. The contingents of the other Cantons, which are now with us, have received express orders to double their vigilance on the posts which are entrusted to them. The representatives of the Helvetic body residing with us, to take cognizance of the state of things, to act in the name of the whole confederation, and to give in our reasons to their constituents intelligence of any dangers which may threaten our countries, will let nothing pass which can secure the peace of our common country; we have ourselves written to our allies reminding them of their treaties which unite us, and we have received from them an unanimous assurance that they are all ready to fly to our assistance and to defend our frontiers. We conclude with praying your excellency to transmit these details to the Directory to warn them above all things, against those exaggerated relations which from an excess of zeal to serve them may be transmitted to them.

HAMBURG, APRIL 30.

We hear from the confederation of Podolia, that the former sword-bearer of Lithuania, Ogniski, who lately went from Paris for Constantinople, is the principle head of it, and he is already arrived there. Among the other chiefs we again discover the Poloné Kociol, who made himself known in the last revolution. As for the rest we have as yet only received imperfect details of this confederation and of its means. But what may be regarded as certain is, that, if the unfriendly Poles are contriving means to stop their liberty, Catharine, on her part, is doing all in her power to break their chains.—She hath laid an order, obliging the parents of children who have arrived at the age of years to deposit their marriages in the Imperial Treasury. It is likewise taken upon herself to choose husbands for them. It is seen that the Empress hopes by a forced deposit to restrain the Poles, will dread a confiscation of a valuable part of their property; it is also as easy to foresee that she will choose none but Russian husbands, under the idea that children will rise from such marriages who will forget the country of their mothers, and consider themselves as belonging to that of their father's. It must be conceived, that if that plan is put into execution, it will have the effect which the court of Russia expects, but its execution produces an extreme

indignation. Never before hath any despot shown so effectually an utter contempt for the feelings of nature, and of those rights which are held sacred among the civilized nations of the world, nor have men at any time been made more bitterly to feel their slavery. If the cabinets of Europe mean to oppose the ambitious views of Russia—If upon the whole they think they can make use of the Poles to work a division, they should profit by the indignation which this new tyranny has excited in that unhappy country. The king of Prussia is busy in raising large bodies of cavalry in his Polish possessions. He thus recruits his army with troops reputed excellent cavalry, and takes from this country those, who, having the greatest courage and liberty, would be the most dangerous to his new dominion.

AMERICAN INTELLIGENCE.

SAVANNAH, JULY 15.

We promised our readers in our last some particulars on the subject of the failure of the late treaty.—The Indians we are informed, were prejudiced in the nation against the disposal of the lands, by some unfriendly persons; and reports declared to them, among a variety of others, that they were to encounter the Georgia militia when they came down to treat. Whether this was the reason or not, of certain regulations of the Federal Commissioners, we cannot say; but by those regulations, the commissioners of the state were forbid to enter the Indian encampment, or to hold any conversation with them without the passport or permit of one of the commissioners of the United States, and a small militia guard, which the executive had offered for the protection of the Indian articles, procured by the state, for the purpose of the treaty, were forbid landing with their arms, although within the actual limits and ordinary jurisdiction of the state—at which, offence was taken by the state commissioners, as infringing the rights and lessening the consequence of the state, and debarring the commissioners from the means of conciliating the affection of the Indians, and thereby procuring the object of their mission. It also appears that the place for the talks was at first within the garrison of Coleraine, but was afterwards altered to Muscoghe, within the Indian encampment, where the commissioners of Georgia had no access, without a permit from one of the Federal commissioners, and to which it seems, our state commissioners did not condescend, thinking it beneath the dignity of the state, to request. The Indians drew up their talk in writing, in the absence of the state commissioners, at Muscoghe, and did not deliver it *viva voce*, as is ever usual among Indians, but delivered it through the commissioners of the United States: although the next day they gave a talk *viva voce*, to the commissioners of the United States, in answer to the President's invitation.

The Indians in that answer to the talk of Georgia, refuse to give up their lands, and in another effort made by the commissioners of Georgia, they were stopped by the Federal picket; and after reaching Muscoghe, under the auspices of a Federal officer, and entering on the subject of the purchase they were told by Aleck Cornels, a chief in the Creek Nation, and one of the United States Interpreters, that it was useless to say any more about the lands, that they came determined not to part with it, and that they did not want to say any more about it. This the Bird-tail King afterwards confirmed, declaring that their refusal was fixed on in the nation. The commission of this state have, we are told, in consequence, protested against the proceedings of the commissioners of the United States, and the Superintendent of Indian affairs: and have further protested against the payment, or liability of payment, by the state of Georgia, of any share of the expence attending the treaty, as not having a

fair, open, and honorable opportunity of purchase from the Indians.

It is said the law of the United States, for regulating trade and intercourse with the Indian tribes, arrived at Coleraine during the treaty, and was very forcibly explained by the commissioners of the United States. Had the Indians been disposed to cede their lands prior thereto, this law was sufficient to make them retract. We hope our citizens will endeavour to preserve peace and harmony, by respecting the laws of the United States, but how far the frailties of human nature will permit our citizens on the frontier, to restrain from crossing the line after their own property, and perhaps within their own view, in possession of an Indian chief, when that property may be the only Negro, or only plough-horse, and of course the only dependence of a poor man, with a numerous family for their subsistence, or how far they will permit his neighbours quietly to behold this industrious man being confined in Federal garison, and carried to North or South Carolina for trial remains yet in embryo.

HANOVER, (N. H.) JULY 11.

The Execution of THOMAS POWERS, who was condemned to be hanged the 7th inst. is deferred by a reprieve for 21 days; he will probably be executed on the 29th inst.

[N.B. A vast concourse of both sexes assembled upon this occasion, from all quarters; anticipating the pleasure of a novel amuse ment:—but what was the disappointment, on the news of the Reprieve! A wit present, noticing the chop-fallen countenance of the multitude, observed that instead of the Reprieve for the Prisoner, he should have thought they were all to be hanged. However the *lakers* flickered in their sleeves, and plied the Punch bowl, till each went his way in better spirits, "with a flea in his ear." 'Tis supposed the concourse will be much greater—the next time he is hanged—as many more would have gone, but they chose not to see him die—but once.]

BOSTON, JULY 26.

The Federal frigate begins to assume a "form and figure."—Six frames (or ribs) were raised last week. We are unhappy to hear, that a very ill-judged partiality of the Purveyor at Philadelphia, in favour of the southern builders, should have denied to "the Massachusetts," an equal or equitable supply of timber. It is owing to this, that the New-York frigate is wholly framed, and ours not more than a quarter. We, however, learn that a sufficient quantity is daily expected; when the building will advance rapidly. Her plank is already seasoned; and we have hopes that she will be buoyed by the element she is to float in, as early as any other. The President, we think, will enquire into this unfair partiality, if it has existed, as is the common report.

From Petit Guave.

It is the opinion of Capt. Atwood, from Petit Guave, That our trade at the French ports of Hispaniola, is about being put upon a much better footing than it has been for some time past. The losses which Americans have suffered by the chicaning, procrastinating disposition of the late Colonial Administrators, will probably now be adjusted, and future payments made with strict punctuality and equity. The former Commissioners are settling their accounts with SONTOMAX, &c. Those who are detected of mal-conduct, will be discharged, and more virtuous ones appointed to succeed them; and all those, who have integrity to recommend them, will be confirmed in their offices. Nothing of consequence had occurred recently before his sailing. It was said, the inhabitants of Port-au-Prince were removing their property, being apprehensive the place would fall to the French, who meditated an attack upon it. Maroons were but different.

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Alexandria, August 6.

LATE AND IMPORTANT FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

Received by the Fair American, arrived at New-York, in 41 days from Nantz.

Translated for the New York Gazette.

PARIS, JUNE 12.

BATTLE ON THE RHINE.

COUNCIL OF FIVE HUNDRED, SITTING OF JUNE 10.

Messages from the Directory were read—The first announced that the king of Sardinia had notified the treaty concluded with the French republic—The second gave details of a fresh victory by the left wing of the army of the Sambre and the Meuse, on the right banks of the Rhine. The enemy after the two former defeats, were entrenched at Altenkirken. Kleber attacked and gained a brilliant victory, 3000 Austrians are made prisoners, 4 standards, and very considerable magazines of provisions and forage have been taken from the enemy—The same message reports that Buonaparte, at the head of the army of Italy, continued the career of his triumphs.

On the 5th of May, the French army was separated from the enemy by the river Mentio. The grenadiers crossed that river up to their necks in water; this action made the enemy give way—the head quarters of Beaulieu was carried, a fortress and his magazines are in our hands—the troops of the republic, after having made 500 prisoners, entered Verona.

JUNE 11.

The executive directory received letters from the commander in chief, Jourdan, at half past 2 yesterday evening. They contain the news of a signal victory obtained by the army commanded by the general division Kleber, 4th June, at Altenkirken, on the right bank of the Rhine—3000 prisoners, 4 colours, 12 cannon, a number of ammunition waggons and stores, are the fruits of this victory.

Another courier arrived this morning from the army in Italy, announces, that Buonaparte had attacked the army of Beaulieu entrenched under Mantua; he took his head quarters, cannon, magazines, and a great number of prisoners. Beaulieu is completely routed. (This news is official.)

23d PRAIRIAL.

On the question: “Shall the denunciation against Drouet be admitted?” Of 386 members, 353 voted in the affirmative, and 33 in the negative.

COUNCIL OF ANCIENTS.

Sitting of the 21st Prairial.

The council approves the resolution of the Council of Five Hundred: “That the army of the Sambre and the Meuse have not ceased to deserve well of its country.”

Detorcy assures the Council that the anarchists who had fixed on this day to attempt again their destructive plan—have been discovered, and prevented from putting their infernal schemes into execution, by government.

ARMY OF THE SAMBRE AND THE MEUSE.

Extract of a letter from Gen. Jourdan, to the Executive Directory.

Head quarters, Raunem, 19th Prairial, (June 7.)

“I have the honor of addressing a copy of General Kleber's report to you.

You will learn with pleasure that this general has continued his march along the right bank of the Rhine, and that the enemy has been completely beaten at Altenkirken, on the 16th instant, (June 4)—3000 prisoners, 4 standards, 12 pieces of cannon, several waggons, quantities of warlike stores, and equipages, are the fruits of this victory.”

(Signed)

JOURDAN.”

The commissary of the Executive Directory, near the army of the Sambre and the Meuse, to the Directory.

“Head quarters, Raunem, 19th Prairial (June 7.)

“To announce another battle, is only relating another victory!—The brave Kleber has totally defeated near Altenkirken, the body of Austrian troops which meant to stop his march: 12 pieces of cannon, 4 pair of colours, and more than 3000 prisoners, are the testimony of the triumph of the left wing of the army of the Sambre and the Meuse. Magazines of provisions, forage and ammunition, which were thought to be in safety by the enemy, have also been taken by him. He pursues the course of his success, and is actually on the Lahn.—General Grenier has passed the Rhine at Neuwied, and has effected a junction with Kleber. This reinforcement enables him to act powerfully, and to cut in pieces the tardy succors which Prince Charles has sent to Wurtemberg. Gen. Jourdan assists this operation by two regiments of cavalry, which are about crossing the Rhine to join the corps on the Lahn. Never was there a diversion more scientifically conceived and more vigorously, more ably executed. Soon will the feat of war be entirely on the right bank of the Rhine.

“The commander in chief will forward a more minute account of the affairs of Altenkirken, and will send you the colors taken from the enemy.”

(Signed)

“JOUBERT.”

P. S. In the first report of the affairs of Leig, we only supposed about 1000 or 1200 prisoners; we now find upwards of 2000—the Húsar regiment of Marco alone, lost more than 600 men.

LONDON MAY 23

There is at present a considerable fermentation here. The Minister is much disconcerted by the prodigious success of the army of Italy—We are apprehensive of seeing England soon abandoned even by Austria, and obliged to sustain alone the burthen of the War, which will become more formidable, as the French will be able to apply their whole industry and resources to the encreasing of their navy.

Such is the uncertainty of events, that the funds have fallen within 8 days from 66 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 60 per cent.

A period like the present is not likely to secure to the Court, election in favour of Mr. Pitt—What is still more embarrassing to him, is that the Emperor has just refused him 1,100,000 to supply his present wants.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

Copy of a letter from the officer commanding the Federal troops, sent to take possession of the post at Oswego, to Mr. George Scriba.

Fort Ontario, 14th July, 1796.

DEAR SIR,

I HAVE the pleasure of informing you, that the American Flag, under a Federal salute, was for the first time displayed from the citadel of this fort at the hour of ten this morning.

A Capt. Clark and Col. Fothergill, were his majesty's officers left with a detachment of 30 men, for the protection of the works—from those gentlemen the greatest politeness and civility

were displayed to us, in adjusting the transfer.

The buildings and gardens were left in the neatest order—the latter being considerably extensive, and in high culture, will be no small addition to the comfort of the American officers who succeed this summer.

I have the honor to be,

With the greatest respect, &c.

F. ELMER.

ALGERINE TREATY.

By the snow Pallas, arrived at New-York from Cadiz, the treaty entered into with Algiers, we understand, has been received.

TREATY WITH SPAIN.

Our Treaty with Spain was ratified by the King on the 26th April, and the ratification received here last Saturday.

Extract from the Gazette Française of New-York.

MONDAY, AUGUST 1.

By the Friend of Justice & Truth (French Journal of Paris) of the 12th June, we have the following details. 1st. New victories in Italy, 2d. Invasion of Venetian territory by the French, who occupied Verona, Peshiera, and 3d. Many new victories obtained by the French upon the Rhine.

Extract of a letter written at the Island of Cayenne, to a French gentleman of character in this town, dated June 2.

“The English have taken another method to procure money; they have fabricated 5,000,000 sterling in dollars the value of each not exceeding two shilling sterling. A ship from London, belonging to Philadelphia, has been at this place; she was in ballast, but had on board 40,000 of these dollars, which the captain wanted to exchange for coffee, cotton, &c. Not succeeding in this colony, she went down to Surinam, where also, she could not purchase produce, as the people there had been informed of the intended fraud.

“The governor of Surinam has been so kind as to inform us of this transaction. We do not know where the Philadelphia vessel next went to.” Prov. Paper.

FROM BELOE'S MISCELLANIES.

ON THE ORIGIN OF COCK FIGHTING.

After their victories over the Persians, the Athenians made a law, that on one day in every year, there should be an exhibition of a cock fight. I shall explain from what circumstances this custom arose—When Themistocles led an army of his countrymen against the barbarians, he saw two cocks fighting. The spectacle was not lost upon him; he made his army halt, and thus addressed them.

“These cocks, said he are not fighting for their country, for their patrimonies, nor do they endure this for the sake of glory in the cause of liberty for their offspring. The only thing that one is determined not to yield to the other.

ASSIZE OF BREAD.

THE Three-penny Loaf to weigh 13 ounces—The price of warranted good Super-Fine Flour this day 48s.

A. M'CONNELL.

NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against taking an assignment of a bond, granted by me to William Hunter, jun. late of Alexandria, dated October 6th, and payable November 1st, 1787, for the sum of 225l. 3 8 $\frac{1}{2}$, Virginia currency; the same being fully discharged.

JOHN THORNTON.

King George County,

July 8th.

31w.

LAST NIGHT BUT ONE.

THIS EVENING, August 6th, WILL BE PERFORMED, FOR THE BENEFIT OF MR. KELLY.

THE COMEDY OF

The Provok'd Husband.

Between the Play and Farce, a humorous Interlude, called, BIGOTRY DETECTED, Or, JOHNNY MAW-WORM'S CALL. Johnny Maw-worm by a gentleman to favor the Benefit. To which will be added a Farce and other entertainments to be expressed in the Bills.

JUST OPENED, AND FOR SALE BY

Dempsey, Harris, & Co.

CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS,

In King Street, next door to Mr. John Norwood's,

A COMPLETE STOCK OF

FRESH DRUGS & MEDICINES.

Glass furniture and vials.	Fresh Durham mustard, in kegs and boxes.
Surgeons instruments.	Painters' brushes, fittings and pencils.
Patent medicines.	Nutmegs, mace, cloves & cinnamon.
Paints, and Painter's colours, dry, and ground in oil.	A general assortment of perfumery, with most articles in the drug & paint line.
Copal and Japan varnishes.	
Gold & silver leaf.	
Starch, hair powder, and fig blue.	

All which they will dispose of on moderate terms, and the greatest exertion used to execute orders with punctuality and dispatch. N. B. Medicine chests, for iron works, plantations, and private families put up at the shortest notice, with plain and approved directions.

Good allowance made to those who buy to sell again. August 6. 1mep.

Joleph De Larue, FROM RICHMOND.

DYER.

RESPECTFULLY offers to the citizens of Alexandria, and its vicinity, his services in the above branch, at his house in Royal Street, near King Street, and opposite to John Longdon's, where he intends carrying on the business in the following articles, viz: Silks dyed and dressed, clothes, ribbands, laces, gauzes, cotton, and thread dyed different colours. Those who please to favour him with their custom, may depend upon being served with punctuality. N. B. Ladies' gowns must be ripped before sent. A and 6.

Ship for Sale.



WHEREAS the new ship LIBERTY, upwards of three hundred tons burthen, not being sold on the day fixed for that purpose; it is now notified that if a purchaser offers, she will be sold at private sale at any time before the 16th inst. by the trustees of the estate of William Hickman & Co.

J. MANDEVILLE
G. CLEMENTSON
E. C. DICK.

Alexandria, August 4, 1796.

THE SLOOP DRIVER



Is arrived at this Port, and will take in freight as soon as possible; and in 4 or 5 days will be ready to sail for Philadelphia. For freight or passage apply at Mr. Janney's store, or the Captain on board. PETER GARDNER.

THE Sloop DRIVER coming up the river about ten miles below Dumfries, had her boat stole about 12 o'clock on Monday night by negro that was a passenger on board coming to Mr. Harbison. Whoever should find the boat and return it to the Captain of the Driver, now laying at Alexandria, shall be paid for their trouble. PETER GARDNER.

N. B. She is a small Plover built boat with two pieces of iron nailed on the inside of her stem. August 2.

LOST.

ON last Sunday afternoon, a large GOLD LOCKET the device of which was a woman with a bunch of flowers in her hand, and a child by her side with the same. A generous reward will be given by leaving it with the Printer. August 6.

LIST OF LETTERS Remaining in the Post-Office, Alexandria 1st. August, which, if not taken up in three months, will be returned to the General Post-Office as Dead Letters.

- A.—Walter Addison.
- B.—Margaret Booth, Barnet Brian, Robert Bryce, Charity Bryan, Elizabeth Bright, Basil Bowling, Lucy Brown.
- C.—Monsieur Couvaun, John Clark, Richard Conway, Ann Canniford, Benjamin Carpenter.
- D.—Jas. Douglas, Mr. Dyson, John Davis, Jas. Delahe.
- E.—John Emery.
- F.—Alexander Ferron, Harrison Fitzhugh, Anthony Faw, Michael Fielding, Jonathan Faw.
- G.—Severe Galle, John Graham, William Gill.
- H.—Mr. Hubball, James Halley, Thomas Holmes, Thomas Herbert, Jos. W. Harrison, John Hyde, Peter Hauck, Robert Herrison, Geo. Hale.
- I.—Edward Jones.
- K.—James Keith.
- L.—Isaac Lesley, Ludwell Lee, Alexander Latimer, Robert Lyles, Lewis Labille, Edmund Laphorn, Charles Love, Jas. Logan, Mr. Levallain, Abel Longdon, Fielding Lewis.
- M.—William Mitchell, Sarah Maze, James Marshall, Mr. Mace, Thomas Mezarvey, James M'Kim.
- N.—Francis Newman, John Nelson.
- O.—Beverly Osborne.
- P.—Pomery & Isabell, James Paterfon.
- R.—Mr. Radere, James Rowles, James Reid, William Rhodes, Andrew Reintzell, Saml. Roberts.
- S.—Freeborn Siffon, Mr. Sampson, Elizabeth Shlupp, Thos. Swan, Adam Swope, Chas. Savage, Geo. Spangler, Thos. Stewart, Eve Swoope, Chas. Shail, John Shonnard.
- T.—Wm. Thompson.
- W.—Gideon Worth, Waggener & Warner, Emanuel Williams, Andrew A. Williams, Seth Whiting, Elizabeth Washington.
- Y.—Peter Young.

Lands for Sale.

A VALUABLE Farm in the County of Culpepper, lying on Flat Run, containing six hundred and sixteen acres. Two hundred and twenty five acres of which are cleared, enclosed by a good fence, and in fine arable order. There is about one hundred acres of best rate meadow land, and about forty acres cleared ready for graft. I will also sell the reversion of 300 acres, joining said tract, whereon Mr. Edward Vofs now lives—one hundred acres are highly manured, and about fifty acres of meadow now in prime order. There is an elegant Dwelling House, 60 feet by 40, 2 story high; a stone kitchen 36 by 32 feet; a stone stable and granary, with room sufficient to accommodate 32 horses exclusive of other stock, carriage house, and all necessary out houses. There is a young Apple orchard of the best selected fruit of about 700 trees, 500 of which have borne this several years, and about the same quantity of bearing peach trees of the best kind. The land is within five miles of several merchant mills, twenty eight miles from Fredericksburg, sixty from Alexandria, and the same distance from George-Town and the Federal City, near two public roads leading to the back country.

Also, 10,000 acres of valuable Kentucky land, 2000 acres of which is military, 1000 acres on Cumberland River, 1000 at the junction of the Tennessee and Ohio rivers, and 8000 on the South Fork of Kentucky river, which was located early in the year 1783.

The whole or any part of the said land will be sold low, and if not sold by the first of November next, will be rented in 100 acre lots. It will be sold a very great bargain, and the terms may be known by applying to Edward Vofs on the premises, or to R. B. Vofs, or to the subscriber in Fairfax Street.

NICHOLAS VOSS.

August 2.

GENTEEL BOARDING

FOR three or four young gentlemen in a private family may be had by enquiring at the Printing Office.

July 28.

Bank of Alexandria,

July 4th, 1796.

NOTICE is hereby given, That a dividend of ten dollars on each share of the old capital stock of the Bank of Alexandria for the half year ending this day is declared; which will be ready to be paid to the Stock-Holders or their representatives on Thursday the 7th inst.

By order of the President & Directors
GURDEN CHAPIN, Cash'r.

Bank of Alexandria,

JUNE 16, 1796.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Subscription Book is kept open at the Bank for the purpose of receiving subscriptions to the augmented stock, and will continue open until the whole number of shares are filled up.

By order of the board.
GURDEN CHAPIN, Cash'r.
N. B. Any Bank Paper from Philadelphia to Alexandria, will be taken for the Money to be paid at the time of subscribing.

Contracts for Cut-Stone.

SUCH Stone cutters as choose to contract for cut-stone, wanted for the Locks at the Great Falls, may by application to me at the City of Washington, or at the Great-Falls of Potomack, know the scantling as also the terms of contract.

N. B. A bond and affiler is prepared for the inspection of any person disposed to give in proposals.

C. MYERS,

Engineer to the Potomack Company.
City of Washington, April 19.

Potomack Company.

THE Stockholders in the additional capital are hereby required to pay to William Hartshorne, Treasurer, at Alexandria, Twenty per Cent. on the amount of each share by them held, on or before the 11 day of September next.

JOHN FITZGERALD, President
GEORGE GILPIN
JAMES KEITH
JOHN TEMPLEMAN
TOBIAS LEAR } Directors

A general meeting of the old and new Stockholders will be held at the house of John Wife, in Alexandria, on the first Monday in August next, to begin at ten o'clock in the morning.
Alexandria, July 5, 1796. 5w.

THE partnership of THOMAS PATTEN and JOSEPH MAY, (under the firm of THOMAS PATTEN and CO.) having been dissolved by mutual consent the first of May last, all those having demands against the said firm are desired to bring them in for settlement, and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment to Thomas Patten.

THOMAS PATTEN,
JOSEPH MAY.

Alex. July 26th, 1796.

THE business will be continued by the subscriber at the store occupied by the late concern.

July 26. THOMAS PATTEN.

Fifty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber on Saturday night, the 30th of July, an apprentice lad, named JAMES SHROPSHIRE. He is about 18 years of age, 5 feet, 5 inches high, rather of a dark complexion, and black hair. Had on, and took with him a striped nankeen coat, red cloth waistcoat, Ticklenburg shirt, Russia sheeting trousers, a new furr hat, with an oil cloth cover, a new black broad-cloth coat, a pair of ed silk and cotton waistcoat, a pair of ed silk pantaloons, a pair of white satinet breeches, and two linen shirts.

He went off in company with a SAMUEL BAYLY, and they together on Sunday evening, about this side of Leesburg, enquiring the road to Charleston, which way 'tis supposed they are gone.

Whoever will secure the said apprentice in any goal, so that I get him again shall receive forty dollars, and if brought home the above reward.

JOHN JOHNSTON.

Any person known to secrete or employ the said apprentice, after this public notice, shall be prosecuted with the utmost rigour of the law.

August 4th.

Various Blanks for Sale at

this office,

By the President of the United States.

WHEREAS by the first article of the terms and conditions declared by the President of the United States on the 17th day of October, 1791, for regulating the materials and manner of buildings and improvements on the Lots in the City of Washington, it is provided, "that the outer and party walls of all houses in the said City shall be built of brick or stone," and by the third article of the same terms and condition it is declared, "That the wall of no house shall be higher than forty feet to the roof in any part of the City, nor shall any be lower than thirty-five feet on any of the avenues."

And whereas, the above recited articles have been found by experience to impede the settlement, in the said City, of mechanics, and others whose circumstances do not admit of erecting houses of the description authorized by the said regulations; it is therefore declared that the operation of the said first and third articles above recited, shall be, and the same is hereby suspended until the first Monday of December, in the year 1800; and that all houses which shall be erected in the said City of Washington prior to the said first Monday of December in the year 1800, conformable in other respects to the regulations aforesaid, shall be considered as lawfully erected.

Given under my hand this 25th day of June, in the year, 1796.

GEORGE WASHINGTON.

Washington, Commissioner's

Office, June 28, 96.

Published by Order of the Commissioners.

THOMAS MUNROE, C.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

At his store on Harper's Wharf,

French Brandy in Pipes

or barrels; Jamaica spirits in hhd's, or bbl's. several hundred gallons New-England rum; whiskey in tierces or barrels; claret wine in tierces; excellent port wine in pipes or smaller quantities; Malaga and Lisbon wines in pipes or quarter casks; hyson, hyson skin and other teas; loaf sugar by the barrel or loaf; moist do. of different quantities, by the hhd. or barrel; St. Ube's salt, any quantity above 3 bushels at 4/3 per do. under, 4/6; Liverpool salt in bags imposed at 22s. per sack; do. by the bushel 4/6; excellent cured herrings at five dollars per barrel. Purchasers, by applying, will find it to their advantage, as I am determined to sell on reasonable terms.

ROBERT HENDERSON.

ADAM LYNN, GOLD & SILVER SMITH, ENGRAVER, &c.

BEGS leave to inform his friends, that he has removed to Prince Street, two doors above Col. Hone's, where he offers for sale, a variety of Plated Ware, Gilt and Fancy Necklaces and Neck chains, Gilt Eardrops, Lockets, Watch chains, keys, seals, &c. Silver Watches, &c. &c. Gold Rings, Ear rings, &c.

Also, on a short notice, every article in the Gold and Silver Smith business made in the neatest manner.

The highest price for old Gold and Silver. N. B. An Apprentice wanted that can be well recommended.

July 19.

ALEXANDER SMITH

RESPECTFULLY informs the Citizens of Alexandria, and its vicinity, that he has selected and intends to have a for sale, the best FLOUR for family use.

He also begs leave to inform the Public in general, that he has received an addition to his former assortment of BOUTING CLOTHS, warranted to be of the first quality, which are now open and will be sold at the most reduced prices for cash, at his dwelling house on Fairfax Street opposite the public square, which House is now to be let and may be numbered with the first stands in Alexandria for business.

Possession will be given the first of June if requested.

May 21.

if

For Sale or to Let.

A CONVENIENT NEW THREE STORY BRICK HOUSE, on King-Street. It will be ready in ten days.

Apply to

July 28.

SAMUEL CRAIG.

NOTICE.

THOSE that have had Flour stored with the subscribers prior to the 20th ult. are desired to come and have it removed or sold as soon as possible, otherwise tend orders for that purpose, as it is to be feared the greater part will be four in a little time. On delivering five to six hundred barrels the last week, which was all re-inspected, we found several barrels quite sour, and a very great part of it inclining that way, and it is impossible for us to say how long it would continue in the present situation before the whole may be spoiled. Those that have stored since the aforesaid 20th ult. will also please take notice that it will not keep sweet any length of time at this season of the year.

RICKETS & NEWTON.

Thirty Puncheons St.

Croix Rum,

Now landing from on board the Schooner Hannah, Capt. Allison, and for sale by WM. HARTSHORNE & SONS, Who have as usual, Brown and Loaf Sugar, Fish, Salt, Bar Iron, and far.

July 23.

Horses for Sale.

THE subscriber will sell an elegant pair of CARRIAGE HORSES for cash, or on a credit of six months. They are full 15½ hands high, fine bays, stout and strong, gentle, and very steady to the draught. They are young, and now in fine order. One of them is an excellent saddle horse.

W. STORKE.

Bellisle, King George,

County, July 10.

Take Notice.

I MEAN to leave this State in the course of one month for Baltimore, therefore all persons who have any claims against me, are desired to present them, and those who are any ways indebted, are requested to make immediate payment to

JOHN KITTEN.

July 26.

For Sale,

For Cash, or on a short credit,
Six puncheons of 2d and 3d proof St. Croix Rum of a good flavour.
ALSO,
A few barrels of prime Sugars.

Wm. SUMMERS.

August 2

Lands for Sale.

FIVE THOUSAND acres of Land lying in the County of Amherst, on the waters of Tye River and Hat Creek, 14 or 15 miles from James River, where it is navigable to the city of Richmond, and about 100 miles above the last named place.

These lands abound with Iron ore, there are one between 6 and 700 acres of Bottom Land of first quality, a considerable part of which is laid down in meadow. The whole of the tract is well calculated for the production of the various kinds of grain and hemp or flax. A Dwelling House, Granary, Stable and Carriage House, with every other necessary out house—a Mill, and Saw Mill, with a variety of Mill Seats—Apple, Peach, Pear, and Cherry Orchards, all of selected fruit.

The above described lands will be sold on a liberal credit.—For terms apply to Doctor Henry Rose, Alexandria, on to the subscriber on the premises.

JOHN ROSE.

July 13th.

FOR SALE,

A Tract of Land in Berkeley County, Virginia, containing 529 acres, lying on the River Potomack, 13 miles from Martinsburg—of this tract not more than 130 acres are cleared; eighty of which is bottom, not inferior to any on the river. For terms apply to Mr. John O'Ferrall, merchant in Martinsburg, who will shew the premises or to the subscriber living in Loudoun county

JOS. LEWIS, Junr.

July 18.

NOTICE.

THE statements of what each person is to pay (who have declared for Insurance in the town of Alexandria) is lodged at the Bank, where they will be pleased to call and make payment, that their Policies may issue.

JONAH THOMPSON.